

# Familias de Operaciones (I)

Rellene los espacios para completar cada familia de operaciones.

$$\begin{array}{l} \underline{\quad} \times 4 = 32 \\ 4 \times \underline{\quad} = 32 \\ \underline{\quad} \div 8 = 4 \\ 32 \div \underline{\quad} = 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \underline{\quad} \times 8 = 56 \\ 8 \times \underline{\quad} = 56 \\ 56 \div \underline{\quad} = 8 \\ \underline{\quad} \div 8 = 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 10 \times \underline{\quad} = 30 \\ \underline{\quad} \times 10 = 30 \\ 30 \div \underline{\quad} = 3 \\ \underline{\quad} \div 3 = 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3 \times 6 = \underline{\quad} \\ \underline{\quad} \times 3 = 18 \\ 18 \div 3 = \underline{\quad} \\ \underline{\quad} \div 6 = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \underline{\quad} \times 7 = 84 \\ 7 \times \underline{\quad} = 84 \\ 84 \div \underline{\quad} = 7 \\ 84 \div \underline{\quad} = 12 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 11 \times \underline{\quad} = 22 \\ 2 \times 11 = \underline{\quad} \\ \underline{\quad} \div 11 = 2 \\ 22 \div 2 = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 9 \times \underline{\quad} = 27 \\ 3 \times \underline{\quad} = 27 \\ 27 \div \underline{\quad} = 3 \\ 27 \div 3 = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2 \times \underline{\quad} = 4 \\ 2 \times 2 = \underline{\quad} \\ 4 \div \underline{\quad} = 2 \\ 4 \div \underline{\quad} = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \underline{\quad} \times 9 = 45 \\ 9 \times 5 = \underline{\quad} \\ \underline{\quad} \div 5 = 9 \\ 45 \div 9 = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 8 \times \underline{\quad} = 48 \\ \underline{\quad} \times 8 = 48 \\ \underline{\quad} \div 8 = 6 \\ 48 \div \underline{\quad} = 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 12 \times 2 = \underline{\quad} \\ 2 \times 12 = \underline{\quad} \\ \underline{\quad} \div 12 = 2 \\ \underline{\quad} \div 2 = 12 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 5 \times 10 = \underline{\quad} \\ 10 \times \underline{\quad} = 50 \\ 50 \div 5 = \underline{\quad} \\ 50 \div 10 = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \underline{\quad} \times 2 = 18 \\ \underline{\quad} \times 9 = 18 \\ \underline{\quad} \div 9 = 2 \\ \underline{\quad} \div 2 = 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 10 \times 6 = \underline{\quad} \\ \underline{\quad} \times 10 = 60 \\ \underline{\quad} \div 10 = 6 \\ 60 \div 6 = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \underline{\quad} \times 4 = 40 \\ 4 \times 10 = \underline{\quad} \\ \underline{\quad} \div 10 = 4 \\ 40 \div 4 = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

# Familias de Operaciones (I) Respuestas

Rellene los espacios para completar cada familia de operaciones.

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{8} \times 4 &= 32 \\ 4 \times \underline{8} &= 32 \\ \underline{32} \div 8 &= 4 \\ 32 \div \underline{4} &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{7} \times 8 &= 56 \\ 8 \times \underline{7} &= \underline{56} \\ 56 \div \underline{7} &= 8 \\ \underline{56} \div 8 &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 10 \times \underline{3} &= 30 \\ \underline{3} \times 10 &= 30 \\ 30 \div \underline{10} &= 3 \\ \underline{30} \div 3 &= 10 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3 \times 6 &= \underline{18} \\ \underline{6} \times 3 &= 18 \\ 18 \div 3 &= \underline{6} \\ \underline{18} \div 6 &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{12} \times 7 &= 84 \\ 7 \times \underline{12} &= 84 \\ 84 \div \underline{12} &= 7 \\ 84 \div \underline{7} &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 11 \times \underline{2} &= 22 \\ 2 \times 11 &= \underline{22} \\ \underline{22} \div 11 &= 2 \\ 22 \div 2 &= \underline{11} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 9 \times \underline{3} &= 27 \\ 3 \times \underline{9} &= 27 \\ 27 \div \underline{9} &= 3 \\ 27 \div 3 &= \underline{9} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2 \times \underline{2} &= 4 \\ 2 \times \underline{2} &= \underline{4} \\ 4 \div \underline{2} &= 2 \\ 4 \div \underline{2} &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{5} \times 9 &= 45 \\ 9 \times 5 &= \underline{45} \\ \underline{45} \div 5 &= 9 \\ 45 \div 9 &= \underline{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 8 \times \underline{6} &= 48 \\ \underline{6} \times 8 &= 48 \\ \underline{48} \div 8 &= 6 \\ 48 \div \underline{6} &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 12 \times 2 &= \underline{24} \\ 2 \times 12 &= \underline{24} \\ \underline{24} \div 12 &= 2 \\ \underline{24} \div 2 &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5 \times 10 &= \underline{50} \\ 10 \times \underline{5} &= 50 \\ 50 \div 5 &= \underline{10} \\ 50 \div 10 &= \underline{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{9} \times 2 &= 18 \\ \underline{2} \times 9 &= 18 \\ \underline{18} \div 9 &= 2 \\ \underline{18} \div 2 &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 10 \times 6 &= \underline{60} \\ \underline{6} \times 10 &= 60 \\ \underline{60} \div 10 &= 6 \\ 60 \div 6 &= \underline{10} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{10} \times 4 &= 40 \\ 4 \times 10 &= \underline{40} \\ \underline{40} \div 10 &= 4 \\ 40 \div 4 &= \underline{10} \end{aligned}$$